NAME

purifyeps - make an Encapsulated PostScript file work with both dvips and pdflatex

SYNOPSIS

purifyeps --help

purifyeps --version

purifyeps [--fontmap=.fmp file] [.eps input file [.eps output file]]

purifyeps --make-man [=filename] [--section]

purifyeps --make-ps-man [=filename] [--section]

DESCRIPTION

While **pdflatex** has a number of nice features, its primary shortcoming relative to standard **latex**+**dvips** is that it is unable to read ordinary Encapsulated PostScript (EPS) files, the most common graphics format in the LATEX world. **pdflatex** can read only the following types of graphics files:

PDF

Most people who use **pdflatex** convert their documents to PDF using a utility such as **epstopdf**. This works well and preserves the vector nature of the original EPS. Unfortunately, **dvips** does not read PDF, so two versions of the graphic must be maintained if the document is to be processed with both **latex+dvips** and **pdflatex**.

PNG

PNG is a bitmap format and therefore scales poorly. Also, **dvips** does not read PNG, so two versions of the graphic must be maintained if the document is to be processed with both **latex**+**dvips** and **pdflatex**.

JPEG

JPEG is a bitmap format and therefore scales poorly. Also, **dvips** does not read JPEG, so two versions of the graphic must be maintained if the document is to be processed with both **latex+dvips** and **pdflatex**.

MPS

This is probably the least-used **pdflatex**-compatible graphics format. MPS is actually a stylized version of EPS that MetaPost outputs. Like PDF, MPS is a vector format and remains as such when imported into a **pdflatex** document. Also like PDF, **dvips** does not read MPS, so two versions of the graphic must be maintained if the document is to be processed with both **latex+dvips** and **pdflatex**.

The insight behind **purifyeps** is that there are only a few, small differences between MPS and EPS and that a file can be converted into a format that matches both the MPS and EPS specifications simultaneously. **purifyeps** inputs an EPS file, uses **pstoedit**'s mpost filter to convert the file to MetaPost (*.mp*), runs **mpost** on the file to convert it to MPS, and finally performs some touchups on the result to convert the file back to EPS, while preserving its ability to be parsed by **pdflatex**.

OPTIONS

--help

Display "Usage" and "Options" from the **purifyeps** documentation.

-V, --version

Display the **purifyeps** version number, copyright, and license.

--fontmap=.fmp file

Specify the name of a file that tells **purifyeps** how to map from T_EX font names to PostScript font names. [Default: *mpost.fmp*]

--make-man [=filename]] [--section=section]

Automatically create a Unix man page for **purifyeps**. *section* specifies the section [default: 1 (User Commands)]. *filename* defaults to *purifyeps*.1 or an analogous filename if *section* is specified.

--make-ps-man [=filename]] [--section=section]

Automatically create a PostScript version of the **purifyeps** documentation. The documentation is formatted like a Unix man page. *section* specifies the section [default: 1 (User Commands)]. *filename* defaults to *purifyeps.ps*.

In normal operation (i.e., when not run with --help, --make-man, or --make-ps-man), **purifyeps** takes the name of an input file and output file. The same filename can safely be used for both files. If the output filename is omitted, output will go to the standard output device. If the input filename is omitted, **purifyeps** will read from the standard input device.

EXAMPLES

Create a PostScript version of the **purifyeps** documentation, but call it *happydoc.ps* instead of the default, *purifyeps.ps*:

purifyeps --make-ps-man=happydoc.ps

Create a Unix man page for **purifyeps** (in the usual roff format), but indicate that it belongs in section LOCAL instead of the default of section 1:

purifyeps --make-man --section=LOCAL

Purify *sample.eps* (*mpost.fmp* is in the current directory):

purifyeps sample.eps sample.eps

Purify *sample.eps* (*mpost.fmp* is in a different location):

```
purifyeps -- fontmap=/usr/share/pstoedit/mpost.fmp sample.eps sample.eps
```

Rename the purified version while purifying:

```
purifyeps sample.eps sample-pure.eps
```

Do the same, but in a Unix pipeline:

cat sample.eps | purifyeps > sample-pure.eps

When you run **purifyeps**, you should see the output from both **pstoedit** and **mpost**, followed by a success message from **purifyeps**:

```
% cat sample.eps | purifyeps > sample-pure.eps
pstoedit: version 3.30 / DLL interface 107 (build Mar 14 2002) :
Copyright (C) 1993 - 2001 Wolfgang Glunz
Interpreter finished. Return status 0
This is MetaPost, Version 0.641 (Web2C 7.3.1)
(/tmp/purifyeps-jdeGPkh9.mp [1] )
1 output file written: purifyeps-jdeGPkh9.1
Transcript written on purifyeps-jdeGPkh9.log.
```

File seems to have been purified successfully.

FILES

mpost.fmp

File containing mappings between T_EX and PostScript font names. See "NOTES" for a description of this file's contents.

BUGS

Error reporting could definitely stand to be improved. Error messages produced by **pstoedit** and **mpost** are sometimes silently ignored. Also, errors sometimes cause **purifyeps** to leave temporary files (*purifyeps*-#######) lying around.

purifyeps is subject to all of the limitations that affect **pstoedit** and especially the mpost backend to **pstoedit**. As a result, **purifyeps** ignores certain PostScript constructs, such as nonuniformly scaled text.

NOTES

purifyeps needs a file that tells it how to map from T_EX font names to PostScript font names. This file must contain two, space-separated columns. The first lists a PostScript font name, and the second lists the T_EX equivalent. Blank lines and lines that start with % are ignored. The following is a sample *.fmp* file:

% Thi	s is	а	sample	font	map	for	purifyeps.
Times-Bold							ptmb
Times-Italic							ptmri
Times-Roman							ptmr
Helvetica							phvr
Helvetica-Bold							phvb
Helvetica-Oblique							phvro
Courier							pcrr
Courier-Bold							pcrb
Courier-Oblique							pcrro

Note that this is exactly the same format that **pstoedit** uses. By default, **purifyeps** looks in the current directory for a font map called *mpost.fmp*. The --fontmap command-line option tells **purifyeps** to use a different font map, which will typically be the *mpost.fmp* file that comes with **pstoedit**.

Once you create purified EPS files with **purifyeps**, you need to instruct **pdflatex** to use them. The pdflAT_EX configuration of the graphics and graphicx packages (*pdftex.def*) normally ignores .*eps* files. Putting the following LAT_EX code in your document's preamble tells **pdflatex** that all .*eps* files are in MPS format:

SEE ALSO

dvips (1), epstopdf (1), latex (1), mpost (1), pdflatex (1), pstoedit (1)

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